Ecosystem Science for Policy & Practice

How does landscape structure affect ecosystem service supply?

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The importance of landscape structure

- Landscapes are often used to supply a single ecosystem product, such as food → at the cost of other services, and, often at the cost of the service supply in the future (degradation). → Call for multifunctional landscapes.
- The <u>importance of landscape structure</u> for supplying multiple services is poorly understood.
- Landscape structure can be divided into two parts:
 Composition: the diversity in land cover types
 Configuration: the spatial pattern of land cover types



Source: Fahrig et al. (2011)





Objective and approach

- Assess the importance of landscape structure for ES supply. Distinguish between effects of landscape composition and landscape configuration on ES
- Mapping 5 ES for Scotland comparing a composition and configuration model.
- Configuration effect based on literature review and existing ES indicators
- Example flood control: configuration model accounts for number of upstream cells



Preliminary results Flood Control







Next steps

- Mapping procedure applied to 5 ES (flood control, pollination, recreation, erosion control and nutrient retention)
- Study (dis)similar responses of ES to landscape structure
- Linking changes in ES supply at the landscape to explanatory variables
- Translating outcomes for landscape management: In what landscapes does heterogeneity make a difference, for what services, and how much, and how can landscape management promote multifunctionality?





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